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The Canadian Environmental Grantmakers' Network (CEGN) grants database provides a profile of environmental grantmaking in Canada. It documents how grant dollars are allocated, in terms of environmental issue, activity, location, and recipient type. This report is an overview of key findings for Ontario. This report examines environmental grants in the region and provides breakdowns by environmental issue, sub-issue, and activity supported. These findings are based on environmental grants made in 2007 by 93 grantmakers.

The goal of the database is to improve the analysis, debate, and exchange of information within the environmental community, and to encourage collaborative action to address shared goals. The database is available online not only to CEGN members, but also the broader environmental community.

I. OVERVIEW: The Scope of the Study

The 2007 CEGN database includes data from a total of 2,009 grants (\$101,095,373 dollars) made by 93 grantmakers. The grantmakers in the database include organizations as varied as major corporate foundations, private family foundations, government funds, and community foundations. The study targeted data from grantmakers that are known contributors to environmental initiatives in Canada, particularly those from previous versions of the database and CEGN members. The 2007 database included 42 out of 58 CEGN members.

i. Framing of the study – Location of Grantmakers

CEGN endeavoured to include major contributors to environmental initiatives in Canada in the CEGN grants database. The geographical distribution of the grantmakers included in the study is shown in Figure 1. As the chart shows, the majority of grantmakers in the study are located in Ontario, representing 37% of all grantmakers. Nearly one-fifth (18%) of grantmakers in the study are located in the USA, indicating a high level of support for environmental initiatives in Canada from American grantmakers.

There were no grantmakers in the study from Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Nunavut, Yukon or the Northwest Territories

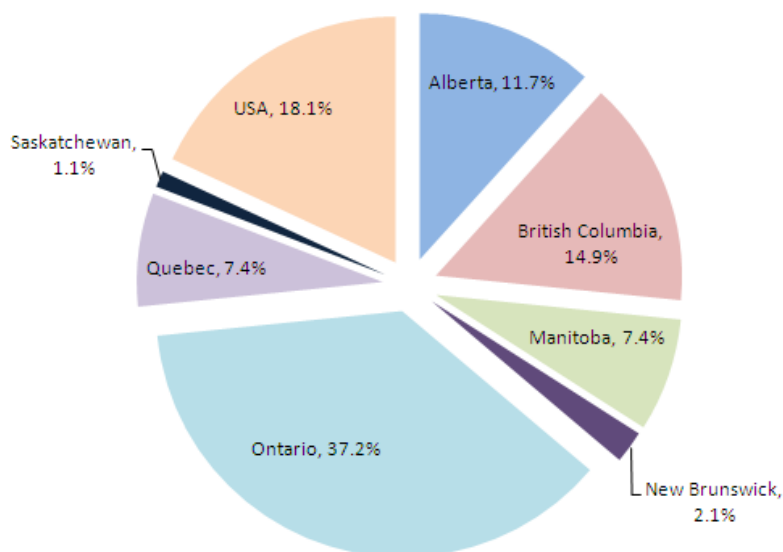


Figure 1: Location of Grantmakers

ii. Types of Grantmakers in Study

The breakdown of grantmakers by type is shown in Figure 2. The types of grantmakers in the study were classified as: Family Foundation (40.9%), Community Foundation (31.2%), Other (15.1%), Corporate Foundation (5.4%), Government Grant Program (4.3%) Corporate Grant Program/ Fund (2.2%), and Government Foundation (1.1%).

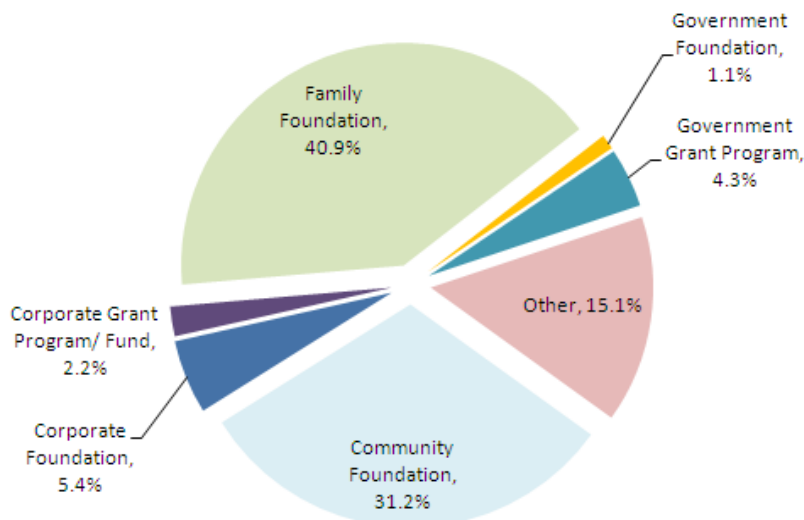


Figure 2: Grantmakers by Type

II. Grantmaking in Ontario

Overall, 331 different Ontario recipients received grants (31% of the total number of recipients in Canada in 2007).

Individual grant amounts to Ontario recipients ranged from \$100 to \$1,100,000. In general, the sector is characterized by a few large grants and many smaller grants – with an average grant amount of \$47,173. (In comparison, the average grant size in Canada was \$50,371.)

i. Grants to Ontario Recipients

Of the grants included in the database, a total of \$31.8 million in grants (32% of total) was given to recipients located in Ontario through 636 environmental grants (32% of total).

Sixty of the 93 grantmakers in the database (65%) gave grants to Ontario recipients in 2007.

ii. Grants to Ontario Environmental Initiatives

The location of the environmental initiative – where the work takes place – is sometimes different from the location of the recipient's office. For example, many national organizations are based in Ontario, but their work takes place across Canada. For this reason, it is also important to take into account the location of the environmental initiatives.

About \$28.6 million in grants (28% of total) went to environmental initiatives taking place in Ontario through 607 grants (30% of total).

Fifty of the 93 grantmakers in the database (53%) gave grants to Ontario environmental activities in 2007.

Overview: Ontario 2007

- 331 recipients of grants (31%)
- Range of grants: \$100 – \$1,100,000

By recipient location:

- 636 grants to Ontario recipients (32%)
- \$31.8 million (32%)
- 60 grantmakers (65%)

By activity location:

- 607 grants to Ontario activities (30%)
- \$28.6 million (28%)
- 50 grantmakers (53%)

iii. Grants by City

As more populated areas tend to receive a greater share of grants, it is interesting to note variations in funding between major urban areas provincially. In 2007, the majority of grant dollars in Ontario went to the cities of Toronto, Ottawa and Hamilton. Toronto received 274 (43%) of grants and \$13.7 million (43%) of grant dollars, Ottawa received 76 (12%) of grants and \$3.9 million (12%) of grant dollars, and Hamilton received 29 (5%) of grants and \$768,000 (2%) of grant dollars.

iv. Grant Dollars by Issue

The grants were analyzed in terms of broad environmental issue categories, as shown in Figure 3. 'Terrestrial ecosystems & land use' received the greatest level of support in Ontario with 23% of the dollars going to grants in this category, closely followed by 17% of grant dollars in "sustainable agriculture & food systems" and 17% of grant dollars in 'general environment/ multi-issue'.

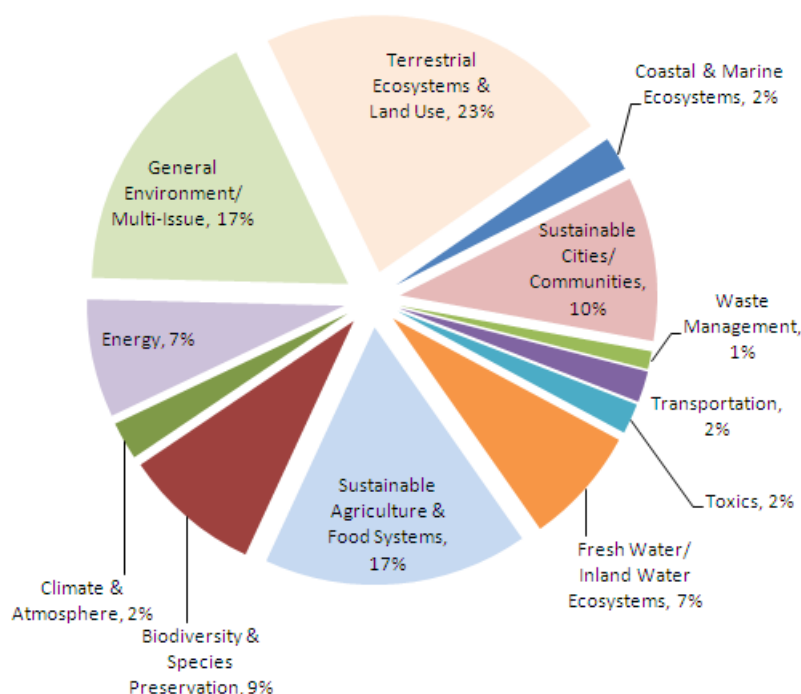


Figure 3: Grant Dollars by Issue - Ontario

Figure 4 shows the National figures for grant dollars by issue. In comparison to the distribution of grant dollars by environmental issue across Canada, Ontario was much higher than the national average for 'sustainable agriculture & food systems', 'general environment/ multi-issue', and 'sustainable cities/ communities'.

Figure 4: Grant Dollars by Issue: National Figures

Issue Name	Percent of Grant Dollars (National)
Biodiversity & Species Preservation	14.5%
Climate & Atmosphere	3.5%
Coastal & Marine Ecosystems	22.6%
Energy	4.5%
Fresh Water/ Inland Water Ecosystems	8.2%
General Environment/ Multi-Issue	7.5%
Mining	0.4%
Sustainable Agriculture & Food Systems	5.5%
Sustainable Cities/ Communities	4.9%
Terrestrial Ecosystems & Land Use	25.7%
Toxics	0.7%
Transportation	0.6%
Waste Management	1.5%

v. Grants by Keyword

Grants within the database are also described in terms of keywords to provide additional detail on the specific aspects of issues being funded.

As shown in Figure 5, eleven percent of grants in Ontario supported 'children & youth'. 'Environmental education' and 'land conservation' were also among the top keywords, assigned to 9% and 8% of grants, respectively. The keyword 'recreation/nature trails' was assigned to 6% of grants, while 6% of grants related to 'forest'.

Keyword	Number of Grants (Ontario)	Percent of Grants (Ontario)	Percent of Grants (National)
children & youth	69	11%	10%
environmental education	55	9%	8%
land conservation	51	8%	7%
recreation/nature trails	39	6%	4%
forest	37	6%	7%

Figure 5: Top 5 Keywords for Ontario

vi. Grants by Activity

The type of activity directly supported by grants was also analysed, as shown in Figure 6. In Ontario, 32% of the grant dollars supported 'capacity building', which includes operational support, and non-specified support for programs within an organization.

Compared to the distribution of grant dollars for the funded activities across Canada, as shown in Figure 7, Ontario was higher than average in 'capacity building'.

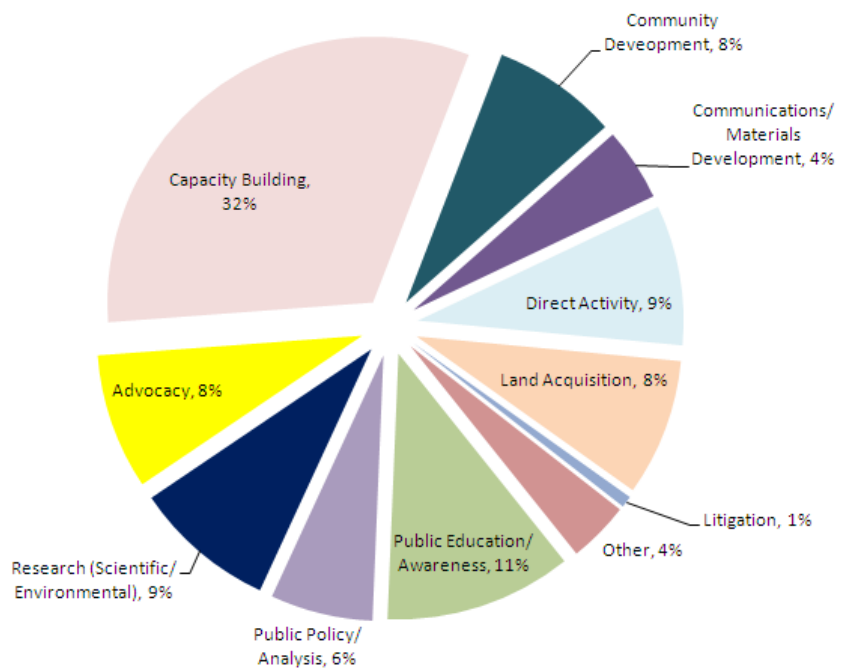


Figure 6: Grant Dollars by Activity - Ontario

Figure 7: Grant Dollars by Activity - National Figures

Activity Name	Percent of Grant Dollars (National)
Advocacy	6.4%
Capacity Building*	16.6%
General/ Operational Support	8.1%
Communications/ Materials Development	7.4%
Community Development	5.7%
Direct Activity	14.3%
Land Acquisition	2.3%
Litigation	0.6%
Other (Scholarships, Conference Funding)	5.9%
Public Education/ Awareness	14.1%
Public Policy/Analysis	4.3%
Research (Scientific/ Environmental)	14.2%

Summary

The CEGN database contains a wealth of information about environmental grantmaking in Canada, and can be used to generate data for further analysis on grantmaking activities in a particular area of interest. CEGN will continue to undertake updates of the database on a regular basis in order to track environmental grantmaking for particular years and to identify changes over time.

For CEGN members, the database also has significant interactive potential. There, the database can be used to answer questions such as:

- Who has funded “wind” energy in Ontario?
- What recipients have received grants for environmental research in British Columbia?
- What else has a specific recipient received funding for?
- What other grantmakers supported ‘climate & atmosphere’ initiatives in 2007?

For grantseekers, the database can provide a useful starting point for identifying potential funding sources for environmental work.

Further detail on CEGN's Canadian Environmental Grants Database, including an explanation of terms used in the database, information on how the data were compiled, and additional data profiles, is available on CEGN's website at www.cegn.org.

Also available on CEGN's website is an interactive feature of the grants database that allows specific searches (e.g. by environmental issue and province).

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